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Attorneys for Plaintiff,

**UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA**

**GEMA MEYNARD, INDIVIDUALLY
AND ON BEHALF OF ALL OTHERS
SIMILARLY SITUATED,**

Plaintiff,

v.

**CAPITAL MANAGEMENT
SERVICES, L.P.,**

Defendants.

Case No.: **'12CV2518 H WMC**

**CLASS ACTION COMPLAINT FOR
DAMAGES**

JURY TRIAL DEMANDED

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INTRODUCTION

1. GEMA MEYNARD("Plaintiff") brings this class action for damages, injunctive relief, and any other available legal or equitable remedies, resulting from the illegal actions of CAPITAL MANAGMENT SERVICES, L.P. and its related entities, subsidiaries and agents ("Defendant") in willfully employing and/or causing to be employed certain recording equipment in order to record to the telephone conversations of Plaintiff without the knowledge or consent of Plaintiff, in violation of California Penal Code §§ 630 *et seq.*, thereby invading Plaintiff's privacy. Plaintiff alleges as follows upon personal knowledge as to their own acts and experiences, and, as to all other matters, upon information and belief, including the investigation conducted by his attorneys.
2. California Penal Code § 632 prohibits one party to a telephone call from intentionally recording the conversation without the knowledge or consent of the other. Penal Code § 632 is violated the moment the recording is made without the consent of all parties thereto, regardless of whether it is subsequently disclosed. The only intent required by Penal Code § 632 is that the act of recording itself be done intentionally. There is no requisite intent on behalf of the party doing the surreptitious recording to break California or any other law, or to invade the privacy right of any other person. Plaintiff alleges that despite California's two-party consent rule, Defendant continues to violate Penal Code § 632 by impermissibly recording its telephone conversations with California residents.

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

3. Jurisdiction is proper under 28 U.S.C. § 1332(d)(2) because Plaintiff, a resident of the State of California, seeks relief on behalf of a California class, which will result in at least one class member belonging to a different state than that of Defendants, a company incorporated in the State of Delaware and principal place of business in the State of New York. Plaintiff also seeks the greater of statutory damages of \$5,000 per violation or three times actual damages per violation pursuant to Penal Code § 637.2(a), which, when aggregated among a proposed class number in the tens of thousands, exceeds the \$5,000,000 threshold for federal court jurisdiction. Therefore, both diversity jurisdiction

1 and the damages threshold under the Class Action Fairness Act of 2005 (“CAFA”) are
 2 present, and this Court has jurisdiction.

- 3 4. Venue is proper in the United States District Court for the Southern District of California
 4 pursuant to 18 U.S.C. § 1391(b) and 1441(a) because Defendant does business within the
 5 State of California and the County of San Diego.

6 **PARTIES**

- 7 5. Plaintiff is, and at all times mentioned herein was, an individual citizen and resident of
 8 the State of California.

- 9 6. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and thereon alleges, that Defendant is, and at all times
 10 mentioned herein was, a corporation whose principal place of business is New York and
 11 State of incorporation is Delaware. Defendant has a policy and practice of recording
 12 telephone conversations with the public, including California residents. Defendant’s
 13 employees and agents are directed, trained and instructed to, and do, record, the
 14 telephone conversations with the public, including California residents.

15 **FACTUAL ALLEGATIONS**

- 16 7. Defendant is, and at all times mentioned herein was, a professional corporation. Plaintiff
 17 is informed and believes, and on the basis of that information and belief alleges, that at all
 18 times mentioned in this Complaint, Defendants were the agents and employees of their
 19 co-defendants, and in doing the things alleged in this Complaint, were acting within the
 20 course and scope of that agency and employment.

- 21 8. At all times relevant, Plaintiff was an individual residing within the State of California.

- 22 9. Since August 2012, Plaintiff had numerous telephone communications with certain
 23 employees, officers and/or agents of Defendant. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and
 24 thereon alleges, that on certain occasions Defendant properly warns consumers that the
 25 conversation will be recorded while on other occasions Defendant does not warn
 26 consumers that the conversation is being recorded.

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1 10. Specifically, on September 20, 2012, Defendant contacted Plaintiff by telephone in order
2 to inquire about an alleged debt that Defendant was attempting to collect from Plaintiff.
3 After speaking with Defendant for a period of time, including discussions of Plaintiff's
4 personal financial information, home address, and social security number, Plaintiff
5 inquired as to whether the conversation was being recorded and Defendant responded for
6 the first time that Defendant records all calls between Defendant and consumers.

7 11. During each of these conversations with Defendant, Plaintiff discussed highly personal
8 and private financial information that Plaintiff had not openly discussed with others.

9 12. Plaintiff had no reasonable expectation that any of Plaintiff's telephone conversations
10 with Defendant would be recorded due to the private subject matter being discussed.

11 13. Plaintiff was shocked to discover that such a confidential communication was being
12 recorded by Defendant without Plaintiff's knowledge or consent since Plaintiff was
13 discussing such personal matters.

14 14. Plaintiff found Defendant's clandestine recording to be highly offensive due to the
15 delicacy of the topics discussed during said conversations.

16 15. Each of these conversations with Plaintiff, were without Plaintiff's knowledge or consent,
17 recorded by Defendant, causing harm and damage to Plaintiff. Prior to Plaintiff's query
18 on the matter, Plaintiff was never informed that Plaintiff's telephone calls were being
19 recorded. At no time during these calls did Plaintiff give consent for the telephone calls
20 to be recorded.

21 16. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and thereon alleges, that during the relevant time
22 period, Defendant has had a policy and a practice of recording telephone conversations
23 with consumers. Defendant's employees and agents are directed, trained and instructed
24 to, and do, record telephone conversations with the public, including Plaintiff and other
25 California residents.

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17. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and thereon alleges that from the beginning of 2011 to the present, Defendant has installed and/or caused to be installed certain recording equipment in its employees' or agents' telephone lines. Defendant uses these devices to record each and every telephone conversation on said telephone lines.

18. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and thereon alleges, that during the relevant time period, Defendant has had all of its calls to the public, including those made to California residents, recorded without the knowledge or consent of the public, including Plaintiff and other California residents.

19. Defendant's conduct alleged herein constitutes violations of the right to privacy to the public, including Plaintiff and other California residents, and California Penal Code § 630 *et seq.*

CLASS ACTION ALLEGATIONS

20. Plaintiff brings this action on behalf of himself and on behalf of all others similarly situated ("The Class").

21. Plaintiff represents, and is a member of, "The Class" defined as follows: "All persons in California whose inbound and/or outbound telephone conversations were recorded without their consent by Defendant within the one year prior to the filing of the original Complaint in this action."

22. Defendant, and its employees and agents are excluded from The Class. Plaintiff does not know the number of members in The Class, but believe this number to be in the tens of thousands, if not more. Thus, this matter should be certified as a Class action to assist in the expeditious litigation of this matter.

23. This suit seeks only damages and injunctive relief for recovery of economic injury on behalf of The Class and it expressly is not intended to request any recovery for personal injury and claims related thereto. Plaintiff reserves the right to expand The Class definition to seek recovery on behalf of additional persons as warranted as facts are learned in further investigation and discovery.

24. The joinder of The Class members is impractical and the disposition of their claims in the Class action will provide substantial benefits both to the parties and to the Court. The Class can be identified through Defendant's records.
25. There is a well-defined community of interest in the questions of law and fact involved affecting the parties to be represented. The questions of law and fact to The Class predominate over questions which may affect individual Class members, including the following:
- a. Whether Defendant has a policy of recording outgoing calls;
 - b. Whether Defendant has a policy of recording incoming calls;
 - c. Whether Defendant discloses to callers and/or obtains their consent that their outgoing telephone conversations were being recorded;
 - d. Whether Defendant's policy of recording outgoing calls constituted a violation of California Penal Code §§ 632(a); and, 637;
 - e. Whether Defendant's policy of recording incoming calls constituted a violation of California Penal Code §§ 632(a); and, 637;
 - f. Whether Plaintiff and The Class were damaged thereby, and the extent of damages for such violations; and,
 - g. Whether Defendants should be enjoined from engaging in such conduct in the future.
26. Plaintiff is asserting claims that are typical of The Class because every other member of The Class, like Plaintiff, was exposed to virtually identical conduct and are entitled to the greater of statutory damages of \$5,000 per violation or three times actual damages per violation pursuant to Penal Code § 637.2(a).
27. Plaintiff will fairly and adequately represent and protect the interests of The Class in that Plaintiff has no interest antagonistic to any member of The Class. Plaintiff has retained counsel experienced in handling class action claims to further ensure such protection.
28. Plaintiff and the members of The Class have all suffered irreparable harm as a result of the Defendant's unlawful and wrongful conduct. Absent a class action, The Class will continue to face the potential for irreparable harm. In addition, these violations of law

will be allowed to proceed without remedy and Defendant will likely continue such illegal conduct. Because of the size of the individual Class member's claims, few, if any, Class members could afford to seek legal redress for the wrongs complained of herein.

29. A class action is a superior method for the fair and efficient adjudication of this controversy. Class-wide damages are essential to induce Defendant to comply with federal and California law. The interest of The Class members in individually controlling the prosecution of separate claims against Defendant is small because the maximum statutory damages in an individual action for violation of privacy are minimal. Management of these claims is likely to present significantly fewer difficulties than those presented in many class claims.

30. Defendant has acted on grounds generally applicable to The Class, thereby making appropriate final injunctive relief and corresponding declaratory relief with respect to The Class as a whole.

FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION

INVASION OF PRIVACY: VIOLATION OF PENAL CODE § 632

31. Plaintiff incorporates by reference all of the above paragraphs of this Complaint as though fully stated herein.

32. Californians have a constitutional right to privacy. Moreover, the California Supreme Court has definitively linked the constitutionally protected right to privacy within the purpose, intent and specific protections of the Privacy Act, including specifically, Penal Code § 632. "In addition, California's explicit constitutional privacy provision (Cal. Const., 1 § 1) was enacted in part specifically to protect California from overly intrusive business practices that were seen to pose a significant and increasing threat to personal privacy. (Citations omitted). Thus, Plaintiff believes that California must be viewed as having a strong and continuing interest in the full and vigorous application of the provisions of section 632 prohibiting the recording of telephone conversations without the knowledge or consent of all parties to the conversation.

- 1 33. California Penal Code § 632 prohibits one party to a telephone call from intentionally
2 recording the conversation without the knowledge or consent of the other party. Penal
3 Code § 632 is violated the moment the recording is made without the consent of all
4 parties thereto, regardless of whether it is subsequently disclosed that the telephone call
5 was recorded. The only intent required by Penal Code § 632 is that the act of recording
6 itself be done intentionally. There is no requisite intent on behalf of the party doing the
7 surreptitious recording to break California law or any other law, or to invade the privacy
8 right of any other person.
- 9 34. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and thereupon alleges, that Defendant employed and/or
10 caused to be employed certain recording equipment on the telephone lines of all
11 employees, officers, directors, and managers of Defendant.
- 12 35. Plaintiff is informed and believes, and thereupon alleges, that all these devices were
13 maintained and utilized to record each and every outgoing telephone conversation over
14 said telephone lines.
- 15 36. Said recording equipment was used to record the telephone conversations of Plaintiff and
16 the members of The Class, all in violation of California Penal Code § 632.6(a).
- 17 37. At no time during which these telephone conversations were taking place between
18 Defendant or any employee, agent, manager, officer, or director of Defendant, and any
19 other person, did Defendant inform Plaintiff or any other member of The Class that the
20 recording of their telephone conversations were taking place and at no time did Plaintiff
21 or any other member of The Class consent to this activity.
- 22 38. Defendant, knowing that this conduct was unlawful and a violation of Plaintiff and the
23 members of The Class' right to privacy and a violation of California Penal Code § 630, *et*
24 *seq.*, did intrude on Plaintiff and the members of The Class' privacy by knowingly and/or
25 negligently and/or intentionally engaging in the aforementioned recording activities
26 relative to the telephone conversations between Plaintiff and The Class members, on the
27 one hand, and Defendant on the other hand, as alleged herein above.
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39. Based on the foregoing, Plaintiff and the members of The Class are entitled to, and below herein do pray for, their statutory remedies and damages, including but not limited to, those set forth in California Penal Code § 637.2.

40. Because this case is brought for the purposes of enforcing important rights affecting the public interest, Plaintiff and The Class seek recovery of their attorney's fees pursuant to the private attorney general doctrine codified in Code of Civil Procedure § 1021.5, or any other statutory basis.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

Wherefore, Plaintiff respectfully requests the Court grant Plaintiff and The Class members the following relief against Defendant:

1. That this action be certified as a class action on behalf of The Class and Plaintiff be appointed as the representative of The Class;

2. For the greater of statutory damages of \$5,000 per violation or three times actual damage per violation pursuant to Penal Code § 637.2(a) for Plaintiff and each member of The Class;

3. Injunctive relief in the form of an order requiring Defendant to disgorge all ill-gotten gains and awarding Plaintiff and The Class full restitution of all monies wrongfully acquired by Defendant by means of such unfair and unlawful conduct;

4. That the Court preliminarily and permanently enjoin Defendant from recording each and every oncoming and outgoing telephone conversation with California resident, including Plaintiff and The Class, without their prior consent, as required by California Penal Code § 630, *et seq.*, and to maintain the confidentiality of the information of Plaintiff and The Class;

5. For exemplary or punitive damages;

6. For costs of suit;

7. For prejudgment interest at the legal rate; and

8. For such further relief as this Court deems necessary, just, and proper.

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TRIAL BY JURY

Pursuant to the seventh amendment to the Constitution of the United States of America,
Plaintiff is entitled to, and demands, a trial by jury.

Date: October 16, 2012

KAZEROUNI LAW GROUP, APC

By: /s Abbas Kazerounian
ABBAS KAZEROUNIAN, ESQ
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